

GOVERNMENT OF KARNATAKA

DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT

ANNUAL REPORT

1999 - 2000

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DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT, BANGALORE

The Department of Women & Child Development implements programmes for the welfare and development of women and children. The focus of programmes for women and children has shifted from welfare to development. The Department now aims at economic development and integration of women into the mainstream of economy, equity and social justice. It aims at the all round development of women not merely as providers producers but also as individuals with a right to human dignity. Again, to ensure that children get protection against neglect, abuse and exploitation, the department has taken up programmes schemes to guarantee their basic human rights including survival, development and full participation in social, educational cultural. and other endeavours for their individual growth and well being.

Administrative Set up

A. State level

The Department is headed by the Director who is an IAS Officer and is assisted by the following officers at the Head Office.

1.	Joint Directors	0-7	3
	Deputy Directors	-	5
	Assistant Directors	-	8
	Accounts Officer	-	1
	Field Officers	-	2
	Programme Officer	-	1
	Legal Advisor	-	1
	Research Officers	-	2
	Office Manager	(Artis)	1

B. District level

of implementation of the District Sector Schemes of the Department through the Assistant Director in each district who is assisted by a Women and Child Development Officer, a Programme Officer and ministerial staff for the proper and effective implementation of the schemes and programmes of the department.

C. Taluk level

At the Taluk level, the Child Development Project Officer, is in charge of implementation of the ICDS scheme and other programmes of the Department. He is assisted by the Assistant Child Development Project Officer and Supervisors of the Project.

The activities of the department fall into 3 categories:-

- I) Programmes for Women's Development
- II) Programmes for the development of the Child
- III) Social Defence Programmes.

The Plan and Non-plan budget for the year 1999-2000 is Rs.142.74 and Rs.65.06 crores respectively.

I. Programmes for Women's Development

1) Karnataka Mahila Abhivrudhi Yojane:

The scheme for intersectoral allocation for women namely KMAY was launched during 95-96. It was a land mark Government Order as it was for the first time that a conscious and positive attempt was made by Government to address gender issues. The strategy of the scheme is to earmark one third of resources for women in individual beneficiary oriented schemes and labour intensive schemes of various departments of Govt.

Accordingly, funds of 24 departments with total of 247 schemes were earmarked for the year 1999-2000. Out of the total outlay of Rs.1076.93 crores, the allocation for KMAY is Rs.412.22 crores. An amount of Rs.195.14 crores was incurred upto the end of January 2000.

2) Empowerment of Women through Political participation: Scheme of Training & Communication Support to Women Panchayat Raj Institutions.

The scheme was sanctioned during 94-95 to train elected Gram Panchayat women members with the involvement of Zilla Parishads and Voluntary organisations.

In Karnataka, the process of empowerment of women was initiated with reservation for women in the Karnataka Panchayat Raj Act 1993, wherein provision of minimum one third reservation for women in Gram, Taluk and Zilla Panchayats has been made. Out of a total of 80,631 seats in 5,611 Gram Panchayats, 35,334 seats are reserved for However, given the relatively educational qualifications of women, as well as their lack of political experience, their effective participation in Panchayat Raj needs to be facilitated through systematic training and communication support. Hence, the department is implementing a scheme to train elected gram panchayat women members to instill a woman's perspective on all development issues.

3) Scheme of assistance to women for taking up job oriented courses

In order to raise the status of women and to equip them with necessary skills so that they become economically independent, women and girls from lower income groups are assisted to take up diploma courses in an ITI/Polytechnic, any shortterm skill imparting courses, secretarial practice. Financial assistance in the form of fees, scholarships and hostel charges are provided. An amount of Rs.16.10 lakhs has been sanctioned to 2013 women/girls upto the end of Feb'2000.

4) Swashakthi:

Financial Assistance is given to Voluntary Organisations, to start Training-cum-Production Centres in order to assist widows and disempowered women to take up income generating activities. Upto the end of Feb. 2000 Rs. 17.98 lakhs has been sanctioned to 26 organisations.

5) Financial assistance to women law graduates:

Financial assistance is given to women law graduates to undergo administrative training in Law. Women law graduates whose family income does not

exceed Rs.40,000/-P.A. are eligible to avail the assistance. An amount of Rs.1000/- p.m. is given for a period of 4 years. In addition to this, Rs.500/-is given for purchase of essential books pertaining to law and Rs.460/- is given to register their names in bar council. An amount of Rs.7.12 lakhs has been sanctioned to cover 105 beneficiaries up to the end of February 2000.

6) Indira Mahila Yojana:

Indira Mahila Yojana is a Central Sector Scheme and was launched on 20.8.95 10 selected ICDS blocks covering 6 districts i.e. Raichur, Bellary, Bijapur, Chitradurga and Mysore districts in the State. The main objective of the scheme is to organise and motivate rural women to function as self help groups to empower them socially and economically and to bring them into the main stream of development. Indira Mahila Block Society has been registered at talug level in these Blocks. Government of India has released a one time grant of Rs.6 lakhs to each of these Blocks. Upto the end of March 2000, 2251 women self help groups have been formed having a revolving fund of Rs.59,68,332 for thrift, credit and also income generating activities.

7) Working Women's Hostels

(a) Construction grants

The Government of India provides financial assistance to the extent of 75% of the estimated cost for the construction/expansion of the hostel for working women run by a registered vol. organisations working for the welfare of women.

State Government provides financial assistance to the extent of 12 1/2% of the estimated cost for construction of Working Women's Hostel to which GOI has sanctioned grants. The Organisation will have to bear 12 1/2% of the total construction costs. At present, 78 Working Women's Hostels are functioning in the State. During the year 99-2000 an amount of Rs. 11.57 lakhs was sanctioned to 10 working women's hostels which are under construction.

(b) Adhoc grants from State Government

An adhoc grant to the extent of Rs. 10,000/- is provided by the State Government for purchase of equipment for a Working Women's Hostel with a minimum of 20 inmates.

8)Fin ncial Assistance to Destitute Widows for re-marriage and Devadasi marriage

widows for their re-marriage if they belong to a family whose family income is below poverty line. Again, assistance is available for devadasis for their marriages. A sum of Rs 5000/- is available for Devadasi marriage and Rs.10,000/- for widow remarriage. 4 couples have been assisted upto the end of Feb.2000 and an amount of Rs.30,000 h s been incurred.

9) Creches for children of working mothers

Assistance is provided through Zilla Panchayats to Mahila Mandals and Non governmental organisations to start creches for the children of working women in the rural areas who are engaged in agriculture and other occupations. The scheme envisages day care services for children in the age group 0-3 years. Services include health care, supplementary nutrition, sleeping facilities, immunization, play and recreation for the children. Upto the end of Feb. 2000, an amount of Rs. 6.94 lakhs has been sanctioned to 63 creches.

10) International Women's Day

International Women's Day is celebrated on March 8th every year both at the State level and at the district level. Programmes are organised by Govet. and NGO's to focus on issues of empowerment of women etc. An amount of Rs.5 lakhs was earmarked during the year 99-2000.

In observance of the International Women's Day, the State Government has instituted an award in the name of Kittur Rani Chennamma to an institution and an individual working in the field of women's welfare and development for at least 5 years. Awards for the year 98-99 were given to the following during the International Women's Day held on 8.3.2000.

a)To an Institution
Cash award of
Rs. 50,000/and a citation

Women Welfare Society Belgaum

b)To an Individual Cash Award of Rs.10,000/and a citation Smt.Gowramma Achaiah Chikmagalur

11) Taluk level Federation of Mahila Mandals:

An amount of Rs.7500/- is given to each Block level Federation of Mahila mandal to take up activities for the all round development of women members of Mahila Mandals.

12) Vikasini - All Women's Market:

The scheme entitled "VIKASINI" or All Women's Market was sanctioned during 96-97 with an objective to provide selfemployment opportunities for women entrepreneurs belonging to low income groups. An amount of Rs.10,000/- per will be women beneficiary released wherein Rs.5000/- will be utilised towards the construction of a KIOSK and the remaining amount of Rs.5000/- will be utilised as 25% subsidy on loan obtained from any financial institutions. A cluster of not less than 5 KIOSKS constructed at a place is called as "Mini Market". Women above 18 years who fall within the income limit for IRDP loans are eligible for assistance. An amount of Rs. 9.15 lakhs has been sanctioned to 103 beneficiaries upto the end of Feb. 2000.

13) Hostel for girls:

Hostel for girls have been started in the backward areas of the State with an objective to enable girls from rural areas to avail facilities for higher education. Admissions to the hostels are available for students residing in rural areas, whose family income is less than Rs.10,000 p.a. and are studying in prematric and post matric courses in the institutions run by Govt. or recognised by Govt. of Karnataka.

Three hostels are functioning in Gowribidanur, Belgaum and Bellary Dists. During 1999-2000, 64 girls were admitted to these hostels and an amount of Rs.3.28 lakhs has been incurred.

14. Nava jeevana:

Scheme of Economic support to widows has been approved on 3.9.97, under which widows in the age group of 18-50 years and whose family income is below the poverty line are eligible for financial assistance not exceeding Rs.5000/- as subsidy on the loan secured from any financial institutions by the widows for starting income generating activities. An amount of Rs. 10.77 lakhs has been sanctioned to 302 women up to the end of Feb.2000.

15. Special Cell for eradication of the social evils:

the Directorate to create awareness regarding social evils such as dowry, devadasi system, atrocities on women etc. Publicity campaigns are held in the districts to create awareness among public on the amended Dowry Prohibition Act, Devadasi (Prohibition of Dedication) Act and other social evils prevalent in society. Seminars and workshops are also conducted to create awareness about the benefits available under various schemes of the Department.

II. CHILD WELFARE

1. Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) Scheme

ICDS programme is a Centrally scheme which sponsored sponsored scheme which provides a package of services viz supplementary nutrition, immunization, health check-up, referral services, health and nutrition education, nonformal pre-school education Eligible beneficiaries covered under the scheme are children below six years of age, pregnant yomen and nursing mothers. Co rergence other supportive services like water supply, sanitation etc also provided where feasible. The package ervices are provided to the beneficies through the Anganawadi Centres managed by an Anganawadi Worker & Helper.

At present 185 projects are fully operationalised covering 175 taluks & 10 urban areas. covering 28,85.979 beneficiaries. An expenditure of Rs.5621.99 lakhs has been incurred under plan for administrative purposes.

In addition to the above State Govt. had incurred an amount of Rs.596.66 lakhs under Plan for payment of additional honorarium to Anganwadi workers and helpers.

2. Nutrition:

Supplementary nutrition is given to the beneficiaries under ICDS programme with an intention to provide 300-350 calories of energy. 10-12 gms of protein, 3-4 gms minerals, fats and vitamins. Supplementary nutriton is given for 300 days in a year at the rate of Rs. 1.25 per beneficiary per day. Milk bread is given in two urban projects of Bangalore Urban dist. only, and local food is provided in all other projects as follows:

- a) In 16 districts energy food prepared by Karnataka Agro Corn Products Limited is being provided on 2 days a week and on four days a week, local food prepared out of rice is given to the beneficiaries.
- b) In the remaining 11 districts energy food is being given on 3 days a week and local food for 3 days.
- c) In Mangalore and Udupi districts M/s. Toto Food Pvt. Ltd., is supplying energy food for 2 days a week and on four days rice preparation is given. An expenditure of Rs.5603.94 lakhs has been spent upto the end of Feb.2000 and 28,85,979 beneficiaries have been covered under the programme.

3. Training of Anganwadi workers

3 months Job-oriented training to the newly recruited Anganawadi Workers is being conducted by 27 Anganawadi Trg. Centres in the State. An amount of Rs.130.54 lakhs has been spent upto the end of Feb.2000 for training 7,445 Anganwadi Workers/Anganwadi Helpers.

4. Arunodaya:

Government on 31.3.98. The main objective of the scheme is to help women beneficiaries of ICDS by providing loan of Rs.5000/- for land development through Nationalised banks. Women beneficiaries presently enrolled under ICDS or those who have availed the benefits of the ICDS scheme earlier are eligible for assistance. 25% Government subsidy is limited to a loan amount of Rs. 5000/-only. The scheme is being implemented in 10 ICDS blocks covering 5 districts with an annual allocation of Rs. 5 lakhs to cover 400 women beneficiaries.

5. Construction of Anganwadi Buildings

The Department provides a contribution of Rs. 50,000/-per building for construction. The remaining amount has

JRY, EAS etc. During he year an amount of Rs.428.66 lakhs as been earmarked by the Zilla Panchayata for construction of 857 Anganwadi Buildings. As at present 15,097 Anganawadi Centres in 185 projects are functioning in own buildings.

6. Scheme of Financial Assistance for the education of children in difficult circums ances

Financial assistance is available to the children of et-prostitutes, exdevadasis, ex prisoners, drug addicts and alcoholics whose family income does not exceed Rs. 15,000/- per annum as education incentives to students for promoting education from V std onwards that they attain the age of 18 years in case of boys and 20 years in case of girls. The rate of assistance is as follows:

Rs.100/- p.m. for 10 months for children studying from 5th to 7th std.
Rs.150/- p.m. for 1) months for children studying from 3th to 10th std.
Rs.300/- p.m. for 10 months for students in post matriculation stage.

Rs.13.10 lakhs has been sanctioned to 1041 students upto the end of Feb'2000.

7 . Attendance Scholarship for girls from rural areas

Scholarship is provided to girls from rural areas in order to encourage them to pursue their education and to improve their educational level. An amount of Rs.25/- p.m. for 10 months will be given to girls studying from 5th to 7th std and Rs.50/- p.m. for those studying from 8th to 10th std. This scholarship is linked to a minimum of 80% attendance and successful completion of examinations. Family income of the girl must be below Rs.10,000/- per annum and she must be a resident of a village with a population of less than 20,000.

An amount of Rs.182.55 lakhs has been sanctioned to 55.250 girls upto the end of Feb'2000.

8. Bal Bhavan

The Bal Bhavan Society has been registered under Societies' Act during 1985. The main aim and objective of this society is to conduct out of school programmes, creative activities for children, establishing child theatre, children parks and providing amusements to children. Director of Women and Child Development is the Member Secretary.

The Central Bal Bhavan at Bangalore is conducting Summer courses, Annual courses, Chiguru programme, Library, Free film lows, Dramas, Nature Camps and arranging ferent amusements to children.

In the State 16 District Bal Bhavans and 5 Taluk Bal Bhavans and 4 Mini Bal Bal Bhavans at Bangalore have been established. The remaining districts are being covered in a phased manner. For the year 99-2000, Rs.40 lakhs under Plan and Rs.28.68 lakhs under Non-Plan are earmarked towards development of Balbhavan and administrative cost respectively.

Mini Bal Bhavans have been set up for conducting several innovative programmes to bring out the latent talents of children. Summer courses are organised every year in creative arts like painting drawing, aero modelling, clay modelling.

9. Scheme for Care and maintenance of Destitute/Orphan children

Financial assistance is available to a registered voluntary organisation who has been working in the field of child welfare for at least 3 years to start destitute cottages for a unit of 25 children for their care and maintenance. Schematic expenditure up to the extent of 90% of the estimated cost is borne by

Government and remaining 10% has to be borne by the organisation concerned. The Organisation is eligible for maintenance charge at the rate of Rs.250/-p.m. per child (including the salary of the approved staff) and rent at the rate of Rs.40/- p.m. per child.

Upto the end of Feb'2000, 303 destitute cottages were functioning and an expenditure of Rs.54.55 lakhs has been incurred.

10. Scheme of Foster Care Services for Destitute Children:

scheme to encourage foster family care to cover destitute children, children of single parents and also children from orphanages to provide a near home atmosphere for such children so that they may receive the support and security that is essential during their formative years. The scheme is being implemented on a two tier basis through existing voluntary orgns. operating in the field of child welfare/child development. An amount of Rs. 2.54 lakhs has been spent up to the end of Feb'2000.

11. Scheme of financial assistance for the Education of Bravery awardees and Children's Day Celebrations

The scheme of Children's Day Celebration is modified as "The scheme of Financial Assistance for the education of Bravery Awardees and Children's Day Celebration" from 1995-96. The financial assistance of Rs.2,000/- will sanctioned to the children who are given Bravery awards during the Children's Day The financial assistance function. given to the Bravery Awardee for their School fees and purchase of books till completion of schooling. During 99-2000 amount of Rs. 42,000 has been sanctioned to 21 Bravery awardees and Rs.1,86,000 has been spent for children's Day celebration at State level district levels.

12. State Awards in the field of Child Welfare

These awards are given on the occasion of Children's Day on 14th November every year. The State Government has instituted State awards for the best work done in the field of child welfare for at least 3 years. During 1999-2000, the following institutions and individuals have been awarded prize:

First Prize:

To an institution engaged in the field of child welfare, cash award of Rs.30,000/-and a citation.

Abhayashrama Wilson Garden Bangalore

Second Prize:

To an institution engaged in the field of child welfare, cash award of Rs.20,000/-and a citation.

Saraswathi Mahila Samaja, Hassan

Third Prize:

To an individual engaged in the field of child welfare, cash award of Rs.10,000/- and a citation.

Sri.David Thimoti Bidar.

13. Namma Magalu Namma Shakti:

State Government has sanctioned a scheme called Namma Magalu Namma Shakti during 96-97. The objective of the scheme is to promote education of the girl child from families coming under IRDP norms and to reduce the dropout rate of girls at Middle and High school levels. The criteria for eligibility of assistance would be:

- a) the child should have completed four years and be within 6 years of age.
- b) the number of children in the family should not exceed three, one of the parents must have undergone permanent family planning.
- c) She should have been immunised.

The initial contribution of Rs.2500/s given at the age of 5 years and the
girl must start going to school at the
age of six. The starting annuity of
Rs.200/- at 6 years is payable for first
4 years, Rs.300/- for next four years and
then increased to Rs.400/- for next 4
years. The maturity value payable at the
age of 18 would be around Rs.4410/-.

14. Jagruthi-Scheme for adolescent girls:

Main objective of the scheme is to create awareness among adolescent girls about health, hygiene, nutrition, family welfare, child care and home management. Beneficiaries in the age group of 14-18 years are covered. The scheme is being implemented in 26 projects of 21 districts covering 992 adolescent girls with budgetary allocation of Rs.30 lakhs.

15. Scheme for the Rehabilitation of Child Labour:

Main focus of the scheme is to rehabilitate the child labourers by motivating the child to join the mainstream of education. All child labourers, will be eligible to get the benefit and preference is given to girls and SC/ST child labourers. During the year upto the end of Feb'2000, Rs.23 lakhs have been sanctioned to 25 districts for implementing the scheme through identified NGOs.

III. SOCIAL DEFENCE

The department implements the following Social Legislations and programmes: -

- I. a) Juvenile Justice Act 1986;
 - b) Probation of Offenders Act 1958;
 - c) Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act 1956;
 - d) Dowry Prohibition Act 1961;
 - e) Child Marriage Restraint Act 1929.
 - f) Devadasi (Prohibition of Dedication) Act 1982.
- II. Social and Moral Hygiene & Aftercare Services.

1. a) Observation Homes

Neglected, victimised, uncontrollable children and juvenile offenders are detained in the Observation Homes for observation and for conducting detail enquiries in respect of their environment, behaviour, conduct and antecedents. During 99-2000, 1680 boys & 396 girls were admitted in these Homes. The Department runs 20 Observation Homes, under the Juvenile Justice Act 1986. The total strength of inmates as on 29.2.2000 was 275 boys and 52 girls. 12 Observation Homes are housed in Government buildings.

b) Juvenile Homes

The Juvenile Homes admit children committed by Juvenile Courts/ Juvenile Welfare Boards for their future rehabilitation. They are provided with education upto VII standard in the institution itself and also vocational training in crafts like carpentry, weaving, tailoring, printing, leather craft etc. The older children are sent to regular high schools outside. There are 24 Juvenile Homes of which 8 are for girls. During the year 99-2000, the number of children admitted to these institutions were 547 boys and 171 girls and the total strength as on 29.2.2000 was 1413 boys and 596 girls. 23 Juvenile Homes are housed in Government buildings.

Bangalore exclusively for admitting mentally retarded children who are committed under the Juvenile Justice Act. There are 27 boys in this institution. An after-care block is attached to this institution for providing shelter to the inmates released from the Juvenile Home; for mentally retarded children. There were 28 inmates in the after-care unit at the end of Feb'2000.

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(c) Fit Person Institutions

Institutions managed by Voluntary organisations have been recognised as Fit Person Institutions under Juvenile Act. Voluntary organisations are Justice receiving grants at the rate of Rs.300/- per month for each child towards the maintenance of children. At present, there are 15 such institutions. addition to these 15 Fit person institutions, Govt is also running 2 FPIs attached to the Observation Homes at Dharwar and Ranebennur. During the year under report 492 children remained in these institutions upto the end Feb'2000.

2. Probation of Offenders Act

The Central Probation of Offenders
Act is in force throughout the State.
Under the Act first offenders below the
age of 21 years are kept under probation
of good conduct. One District Probation
Officer is functioning in each district
who conducts enquiries i.r.o. cases on
juvenile delinquency, cases entrusted by
Juvenile Welfare Board/Juvenile Courts
and also cases under Immoral Traffic
(Prevention) Act. The number of enquiries
received under P.O.Act during the year

was 259. In addition to these cases, 822 cases under Juvenile Justice Act, 150 under Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act, 255 cases under other Social legislations and 502 supervision cases were handled by the Probation Officers. The State level Probation Advisory Committee with a High Court Judge as Chairman has been constituted. The District and Sessions Judge is the Chairman of the District Probation Advisory Committee. These Committees help in the effective implementation of the Act.

3.(a) Reception Centres:

There are 11 Reception Centres in the State to receive women and girls who are in need of care and shelter as voluntary cases and those sent by the courts under the Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act for training and rehabilitation.

(b) State Homes for Women:

The Protective Home at Bangalore is meeant exclusively for admission of cases under the Immoral Traffic (Prevention) Act. (It receives cases sent by the courts as well as committed cases transferred from other State Homes and Reception Centres).

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Various crafts such as weaving, tailoring and production units in readymade garments, canvas bags and handloom weaving and woollen handloom weaving etc. have been started in the State Homes for training the inmates. In order to provide incentives for the inmates, a system of wages has been introduced in State Home for Women at Bellary and Mysore. Condensed literacy courses in lower secondary and SSLC have also been started in these State Homes. 5 Reception Centres and 6 State Homes are housed in Government buildings and 6 Reception Centres and 2 State Homes run in rented buildings

During the year 99-2000, 2603 admissions were made and 455 women were in these institutions as on 29.2.2000.

4. After-care Programmes:

There are three After-care Homes for Men at Hubli, Belgaum and Mysore and one After-care unit attached to Juvenile Home for Boys at Bangalore for admitting the inmates discharged from Juvenile Homes. Educable type of inmates are encouraged to pursue their education in High schools. College. ITTs and efforts are

made to rehabilitate them by securing suitable jobs. During the year under report 48 new admissions were made and 113 inmates remained on 29.2.2000.

There are 2 After-care Homes for Mentally Retarded women at Bangalore and Dharwad for providing care, shelter medical and psychiatric treatment and training (wherever possible) to mentally retarded women and girls. These institutions are housed in own buildings. During the year, 14 new admissions were made and 191 women and girls were in these institutions as on 29.02.2000.

5. Juvenile Service Bureaus

Juvenile Service bureaus extend guidance and counselling services to children in slums and in schools particularly to those with psychological and social problems. It is a non institutional programme tries to arrest juvenile delinquency in urban slums by providing recreational activities and guidance through play centres.

There are 9 Juvenile Service Bureaus functioning at Bangalore, Hubli-Dharwad, Davangere, Belgaum, Mysore, Raichur, Shimoga, KGF and Gulbarga.

There are 15 play centres at Bangalore, 3 at Davangere, 8 at Hubli-Dharwad and 4 each at Belgaum, Mysore, Raichur, Shimoga, KGF and Gulbarga.

6. Scheme of financial assistance to promote marriages of institutional inmates

Financial assistance of Rs. 7000/is being provided to promote the
marriages of destitute and orphan girls
of the institutions. Rs.2000/- is
released to the Head of the institution
to meet the expenses of marriage and
Rs.5000/- is kept in the Fixed Deposit in
any Nationalised Bank in the name of the
couple for a period of 2 years.
Assistance has been given to 9 couples up
to the end of Feb'2000.

7. A Programme for Juvenile Justice (Centrally sponsored scheme)

Funds are shared equally by GOI and State in the ratio of 50:50. At present five juvenile homes are functioning under this scheme. GOI releases funds towards maintenance of children in the existing Juvenile homes and Observation Homes at the rate of Rs.160/- p.m. which is shared equally by GOI and State Government.

ANNEXURE - I

STATEMENT SHOWING THE BUDGET PROVISION FOR THE YEAR 1999-2000

Lat	a Sector schemes	(RS.	in lakh	3)
1	Scheme	Plan	Non-	~ ~
10.			Plan	
. 1	IRECTION AND ADMINIS	STRATION		
1.	Direction and	20.00	169.28	
	Administration			
2.	Training of	1.00		
	Personnel and			
	Research			
I.	CHILD WELFARE			
3.	Karnataka State		11.38	
	Social Advisory			
	Board (GIA)			
£.	Bal Bhavan (GIA)	40.00	28.68	
	ICDS (H.O.Cell)	22.23	-	
6.	Training of Angan-	47.77	-	1
-	wadi Workers(CSS)	200 00	-	
	Attendance Scholar- ship for Girls	200.00		
	from Rural areas.			F
8.	Scheme of Assis-	20.00	-	
	tance to Children			
	in difficult			
	circumstances			

117241

	Assistance for	50.00	~
	Children who are		
	under Child Labour		
10.	Juvenile Sorvice	epig more	101.30
	Bureau		
11.	Scheme of Financial	2.50	em
	Assistance to the		
	Recipients of		
	Bravery Award and		
	Children's Da		
	celebration.		
12.	Foster Cara Heme	3.00	repo
	for Destitute		
	Children.		
III	. WOMEN WELFARE		
4.0	Hostol for Hosbins		44 50
13	. Hostel for Working	Circ ante	11.58
1.4	Women (GIA)		A 55
14	Public Co-opera-	**	0.75
	tion and Family		
1.5	Life Education (GTA		
	. Hostel for Girls	5.00	
10	State Commission	\$0.00	-
17	for women	40.00	
	Swashakthi (TCP) Assistance to	40.00	100
10		20.00	who
	women/Girls to		
	take up JOC		

19.	Training of Women PRI Memebers	~ 1.00	*
20.	International Women's Day	5.00	
21.	Constitution of Welfare Fund for Anganwadi workers & Anganwadi Helper	0.50	-
22.	All Women's Market (VIKASINI)	30.00	-
23.	F.A.to Women Law Graduates for Law practice	8.00	-
24.	Jagruthi - Scheme for Adolescent gir		-
25.	Arunodaya-Scheme for Assisting women beneficia-ries of ICDS	5.00	-
26.	Nava Jeevana- Economic support scheme for widows	20.00	-
TV. (CORRECTIONAL SERVIC	ES	
27.	State Homes and District Shelter for Men.		27.59
28.	Marriages of Institutional inmates	0.50	
29.	Buildings (Repair)	60.00	~~
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30.	State Homes &	6.00	219.64
	Reception Centres		0.00
31.	Condensed Lite-		0.90
	racy Course for		
	Lower and Higher		
	Secondary classes		
32.	Observation Homes	21.44	656.08
	& Juvenile Homes		
33.	A Programme for	80.00	
	Juvenile Justice		
	(CSS)		
34.	Improvement to	50.00	
	Correctional		
	Institutions		
35 .	Cell for Enfor-		16.30
	cement of Eradi-		
	cation of Social		
	Evils.		
36.	Nutrition(H.O)		2.00
V. C	APITAL OUTLAY		
37.	Correctional	180.00	
	Services		
	Construction of		
	Buildings		

ZILLA PANCHAYAT SCHEMES

I. Direction & Administration

1.	Mukhya Sevikas & Grama Sevikas		202.17
2.	Direction and Administration	33.46	190.28
II.	CHILD WELFARE		
3.	CSS of ICDS (100%)	7281.97	
4.	Scheme for care & maintenance of destitute children		74.38
5.	Scheme for care & maintenance of	150.29	w. aa
6.	destitute children Payment of Addl. Hon.to Anganwadi	722.45	
7.	Workers/Helpers Creches for the children of	17.58	32,38
8.	Working Mothers Construction of Anganwadi Bldgs.	428.66	

III. WOMEN WELFARE

9.	Taluk Level Federation of Mahila Mandals	4.38	***
10.	Widow Remarriage and Devadasi Marriage	10.10	
11.	Namma Magalu Namma Shakthi	707.74	coo ess
IV.	NUTRITION		
12.	Pre-School Children feeding Programme(SNP)	3607.15	4761.98
13.	SCP Pre-School children feeding Programme	266.05	***
14.	Tribal Sub-Flan	35 55	

ANNEXURE - II

LIST OF INSTITUTIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT IN KARNATAKA

- A. Institutions working under Juvenile Justice Act 1986
 - 1. OBSERVATION HOMES: (20)

Bangalore, Bellary, Bidar, Bijapur, Chickmagalur, Davangere, Dharwar, Gulbarga, Hassan, Karwar, K.G.F., Mangalore, Mandya, Tumkur, Shimoga, Belgaum, Mysore, Mercara, Ranebennur and Raichur.

2. JUVENILE HOMES FOR BOYS: (16)

Bangalore, Bijapur (Jr), Bijapur (Sr), Bellary (Jr), Bellary (Sr), Bidar, Gadag, Davangere, Gulbarga, Hassan, Khanapur, K.G.F., Shimoga, Mysore (Sr), Sirsi and Bangalore (Mentally Retarded Children)

3. JUVENILE HOMES FOR GIRLS: (08)

Bangalore, Udupi, Soundatti, Mysore, Hubli, Raichur, Bijapur and Gulbarga.

4. FIT PERSON INSTITUTIONS:

- Anatha Shishu Nivasa
 No. 245, Bull Temple Road,
 N.R. Colony, Bangalore-19
- Canara Bank Relief & Welfare Society
 27th Cross, Banashankari II Stage
 Bangalore-70
- 3. Ashraya Children's Home Jawan's Quarters, BDA Park, Double Road, Indira Nagar Ist stage Bangalore-38
- 4. Child Foundation Karnataka
 Children's Home, No. 516, Ist cross
 3rd Block, 3rd Phase
 Banashankari 3rd stage
 Bangalore 85
- 5. Vatsalya Charitable Trust No.2 C/708, Sally Villa II Cross Ist Block, HRBR, BDA Layout Opp. Cosmopolitan Club, Basanvadi, Bangalore - 43
- 6. Society of the Sisters of St. Joseph of Tarbes St. Joseph's Babies Home 49, Promenade Road Bangalore - 5
- 7. Divine Providence Orphanage Tilakwadi, Belgaum -590006
- 8. Nirmala Nagar Modage P.O.Belgaum-591103
- 9. St. Joseph's Orphanage Santhibastawad, Belgaum-590014

- 10. St.Xavier's Orphanage Guledgudda, Badami Taluk Bijapur - 587203
- 11. Bijapur Orphanage
 Bagalkote Road, Bijapur-586101
- 12. Bapuji Balaniketana Alike P.O. Satya Sai Vihar, Bantwala Tq, Dakshina Kannada - 574235
- 13. Alloysian Boys' Home Nehrunagar, Kotekar Dakshina Jannada - 574152
- 14. Bapuji Children's Home No.151/F, 4th Cross, Gokulam 3rd Stage Mysore - 570002
- 15. Ranebennur(Run by Government)
- 16. Dharwad (Run by Government)
- B. INSTITUTIONS UNDER IMMORAL TRAFFIC (PREVENTION) ACT AND SOCIAL & MORAL HYGIENE PROGRAMME:
 - 1. STATE HOMES FOR WOMEN: (08)

Bangalore, Mysore, Bellary, Udupi, Davangere, Gulbarga, Hubli & Athani.

2. RECEPTION CENTRES: (11)

Bangalore, Belgaum, Bijapur, Bidar, K.G.F, Karwar, Mangalore, Mandya, Raichur, Shimoga and Tumkur

- RETARDED WOMEN: (02)
- 1. Witer Care Home for Mentally Retarded Women, Bangalore and Dharwad
- D. After Care Homes for Men: (05)
- 1. After Care Home for Men, Myscre
- 2. After Care Home f r Men, Bolgaum
- 3. After Care Home 1 r Men, Hubli,
 Dhawad District
- 4. After Care Home for Men attached to Juvenile Home for Boya, Bangalors
- 5. After Care Home for Mentally Retarded Children, Bangalore
- E. JUVENILE SERVICE BUREAUS AD CHILD GUIDANCE CLINICS: (09)

Bangalore, Belgaum, D. vangure, Gulbarga Hubli, K.G.F., Raichul, Mynore and Shimoga.

F. OFFICES UNDER PROBATION OF OFFENDERS ACT in all the 27 Districts.

ANNEXURE -III.
LIST OF DISTRICTWISE ICDS PROJECTS

	Name of Project		Year of Sanction	
1	2		3	4
1.	BANGALORE	(RURAL)		
3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8)	Nelamanga Devanahal Hoskote Channapat Magadi Ramanagar Doddaball	la li na a apura	78-79 85-86 90-91 90-91 93-94 93-94 94-95 94-95	299 157 232 268 262 244 205 224
2.	BANGALORE	(URBAN)		
9) 10) 11) 12) 13) 14)	Bangalore Anekal Bangalore Bangalore		79-80 79-80 82-83 88-89 90-91 94-95	100 114 219 425 204 130

3. BELGAUM

15) Athani	82-83	380
16) Raibagh	78-79	234
7) Soundatti	83-84	244
18) Hukkeri	90-91	360
19) Gokak	90-91	474
20) Chikkodi	93-94	506
21) Belgaum (U)	90-91	110
22) Khanapura	94-95	213
23) Bailahongala	94-95	276
24) Ramdurga	94-95	202
25) Belgaum	94-95	674
4. BELLARY		
26) Sandur	77-78	156
27) Kudlagi	82-83	183
28) Hospet	86-87	202
29) Hoovinahadagali	88-89	150
30) Bellary (U)	90-91	110
31) Siraguppa	92-93	197
32) Hagaribommanahalli	92-93	131
33) Bellary	92-93	243
5. BIDAR		
34) Bidar	82-83	329
35) Basavakalyana	78-79	220
36) Santapura	81-82	191
37) Bhalki	81-82	200
38) Humnabad	82-83	211

6. BIJAPUR

39) Sindhagi	81-82	244
40		83-84	244
	Muddebihal	88-89	268 239
42		90-91	284
43		93-94	266
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	200
7.	BAGALKOTE		
44)	Jamakhandi	77-78	338
45)	Badami	82-83	256
46)	Mudhol	83-84	180
	Biligi	90-91	128
48)	Bagalakote	93-94	219
49)	Hungund	94-95	245
8.	CHIKKAMAGALUR		
50)	Kadur	78-79	259
51)	Koppa	82-83	100
52)	Moodigere	82-83	124
53)	Shringeri(T)	88-89	124
54)	Chickmagalore	90-91	300
55)	Tarikere	91-92	238
56)	Narisimharajapura	92-93	68
9.	CHITRADURGA		,
57)	Molakalmur	90-91	125
58)	Holalkere	81-82	174
59)	Hiriyur	82-83	268
60)	Chitradurga	88-89	338
61)	Chellakere	85-86	241
62)	Hosadurga	83-84	190

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10. DAVANGERE 201 83-84 63) Harappanahalli 144 88-89 64) Jagalur 90-91 267 65) Davanagere 216 94-95 66) Harihar 245 79-80 67) Chennagiri 83-84 189 68) Honnali 11. DAKSHINA KANNADA 81-82 110 69) Mangalore (U) 193 82-83 70) Belthangady 82-83 116 71) Sulya 363 88-89 72) Puttur(T) 537 90-91 73) Bantawal(T) 93-94 456 74) Mangalore(T) 12. UDUPI 76-77 75) Udupi 495 76) Karkala 189 82-83 82-83 343 77) Kundapura 13. DHARWAD 76-77 192 78) Dharwad 79) Hubli 86-87 117 90-91 80) Hubli-Dharwad(U) 110 91-92 69 81) Kalghatgi 93-94 82) Kundgol 152 83) Navalgunda 93-94 166

14. GADAG 84) Shirahatti 82-83 153 85) Mundargi 83-84 100 86) Gadaq 83-84 278 87) Rona 83-84 213 88) Naragunda 93-94 82 15. HAVERI 89) Hanagal 82-83 204 90) Ranebennur 81-82 239 91) Hirekerur 82-83 178 92) Savanur 90-91 138 92-93 161 93) Shiggaon 93-94 112 94) Byadagi 93-94 217 95) Haveri 16. GULBARGA 305 77-78 96) Chittapura 187 82-83 97) Jevargi 82-83 273 98) Yadgir 244 83-84 99) Shorapur 143 81-82 100) Afzalpur 174 83-84 101) Chincholi 142 85-86 102) Sedam 116 86-87 103) Gulbarga(U) 279 88-89 104) Aland 248 88-89 105) Shahapur

106) Gulbarga

90 - 91

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17. HASSAN

107) Hassan	78-79	314
108) Chennarayapatna	82-83	240
109) Belur	85-86	162
110) Holenarsipura	83-84	144
111) Sakleshpur	85-86	151
112) Arsikere	93-94	306
113) Alur	90-91	91
114) Arkalgud	93-94	186
18. KODAGU		
115) Somwarpet	82-83	181
116) Ponnampet(T)	78-79	283
117) Madikeri (T)	88-89	228
19. KOLAR		
118) Chikaballapur	77-78	168
119) Malur	82-83	157
120) Bangarpet	81-82	375
121) Mulabagilu	85-86	188
122) Bagepalli	86-87	154
123) Srinivasapura	88-89	215
124) Chintamani	88-89	256
125) Kolar	90-91	323
126) Gowribidnur	90-91	282
127) Shidlagatta	90-91	186
128) Gudibande	91-92	57

20. MANDYA

129) Srirangapatna	77-78	146
130) Pandavapura	82-83	159
131) Nagamangala	83-84	173
132) Malavalli	85-86	252
133) Maddur	90-91	322
134) K.R.Pet	94-95	221
135) Mandya	94-95	382
21. MYSORE		
136) T. Narasipura	75-76	242
137) Hunsur	79-80	197
138) H.D.Kote	82-83	188
139) Mysore (U)	83-84	110
140) Nanjangud(T)	90-91	510
141) Piriyapatna(T)	93-94	266
142) K.R.Nagar	94-95	216
143) Mysore	94-95	201
22. RAICHUR		
22. KAICHUK		
144) Lingasugur	83-84	220
145) Devadurga	86-87	171
146) Manvi	90-91	266
147) Raichur	91-92	362
148) Sindhanur	92-93	289

23. KOPPALA

149) Yelburga	78-79	195
150) Kushtagi	81-82	151
151) Koppala	93-94	239
152) Gangavathi	93-94	308
1027		
24. CHAMARAJANAGAR		
153) Kollegala	83-84	289
154) Gundlupet	86-87	205
155) Yellandur	86-87	75
156) Chamarajanagar(T)	90-91	516
25. SHIMOGA		
157) Soraba	78-79	177
158) Sagara	82-83	162
159) Bhadravathi	83-84	321
160) Shimoga	90-91	179
161) Shikaripura	91-92	202
162) Hosanagara	92-93	133
163) Theerthahalli	93-94	149
26. TUMKUR		
164) Pavagada	78-79	212
165) Koratagere	82-83	145
166) Kunigal	82-83	234
167) Madhugiri	85-86	235
168) Sira	86-87	260
169) Tumkur(U)	86-87	110
170) Chikkanayakanaha	111i 90-91	222
	4.0	

171) Tumkur	90-91	200
172) Tiptur	90-91	298
173) Gubbi		231
	93-94	226
174) Turuvekere	94-95	164
27. UTTARA KANNADA		
175) Ankola	77-78	100
176) Supa	82-83	100
177) Kumta	82-83	129
178) Yellapura	83-84	85
179) Karwar	88-89	101
180) Bhatkal	90-91	128
181) Haliyal	94-95	94
182) Mundagod	94-95	75
183) Sirsi	94-95	153
184) Siddapura	94-95	91
185) Honnavara	94-95	146

DEPARTMENT OF WELFARE OF DISABLED ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1999-2000.

* * * * *

INTRODUCTION:

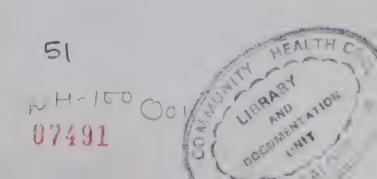
The Department of Welfare of Disabled was created in the year 1988 and completed its tenth year of existance in August 1998. The Department is headed by the Director, who is assisted by a Deputy Director and Assistant Director. The staff of the Directorate including the ministrial staff are mainly on deputati from other departments. There are 3 Superintenents, 7 F.D.As, 5 S.D.As, 2 Stenographers, 3 Typists, 2 Drivers and 3 Group 'D' posts in this Directorate. During 1998 additional posts of 2 Superintendents, 3 F.D.As, 2 S.D.As and Cycle orderly-2 were created.

The cadre and recruitment rules of the department are being finalised. The Asst. Directors of the Dept. of Women and Child Development at the district level and the implementation Officer of the scheme of this department.

Govt. has sanctioned 20 posts of programme Assistants at the District level. Also at the District level 29 posts of District Welfare Officers for the Disabled, 20 Typists and 20 'D' Group employees posts has been created on 13-9-96. So far 9 posts of programme assistants have been filled up on deputation from the Dept. of Women and Child Development and efforts are being made to fill the remaining posts.

II. THE SCHEME OF THE DEPARTMENT OF WELFARE OF DISABLED.

The Department of Welfare of Disabled strives for the welfare of persons with disability and enables disabled persons to get the benefits of the different schemes in order to lead normal lives as far as possible. The disabled persons are categorised as here under.



- 1. Orthopaedically Handicapped
- 2. Visually Handicapped
- 3. Hearing Impaired
- 4. Mentally Retarded
- 5. Multiple Handicapped
- 6. Leprosy cured Handicapped
- 7. Mental Illness

A Comprehensive Act called 'The Persons with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation)
Act 1995 has come into force from 7th February 1996. The State Government has constituted the State Co-ordination committee as per Sec.13 of the Act. The State Govt. also appointed the Additional Chief Secretary as the Commissioner for persons with Disabilities as per Sec.60 of the Act. The State Govt. has constituted the State Executive Committee as per Sec.19 of the Act.

Action is being taken to implement the Act, which aims at bringing the disabled persons into the main-stream of society and enable them to get equal opportunities, protection of rights and full participation in social life.

The different programmes for the welfare of the persons with disabilities are:-

A. EDUCATION: -

1. SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF:

There are four schools run by the Dept. for the deaf children at Gulbarga, Mysore, Bellary and Belgaum. There are 338 children studying in these schools.

B. SCHOOLS FOR THE BLIND:

There are four schools for the blind run by the department at Gulbarga, Mysore, Davangere and Hubli. 245 blind children are studying in these schools.

running schools for deaf, Orthopaedically, Visually handicapped and mentally retarded children all over the state. The Govt. of Karnataka gives grant-in-aid up to 100% towards salaries of teaching staff and 50% towards the salaries of non-teaching staff and grants for maintenance etc., to 31 voluntary organisations as per the grant-in-aid Code of 1982. The other 95 voluntary organisations are recommended to the Govt. of India for grants under the scheme of assistance to the voluntary organisations for the disabled persons.

2. SCHOLARSHIPS TO PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED:

The disabled students studying from

1st Standard to University education are
eligible for scholarships unde this scheme.

The budget provision for 1999-2000 for
this scheme is Rs.115.02 lakhs. Fill

January 2000 Rs.42.46 lakhs. expenditure
has been incurred and 21000 beneticiaries
will be given scholarships.

3. BRAILLE PRINTING PRESS:

Braille books required for the blind students are supplied by the Braille printing press at Mysore. This press is owned by the State Govt. An amount of Rs.17.13 lakhs (Non-plan) is provided for the Braille press in the for 1999-2000. An amount of Rs.6.26 lakhs is spent up to January 2000.

4. SOUND LIBRARY FOR THE BLIND:

The text books of P.U.C. and B.A.

Degree classes in humanities subjects

are recorded on audio cassettes and given

to blind students, along with the taperecorders throught the concerned principals

of the institutions. The budget for

1999-2000 is Rs.3.00 lakhs. Till now 35

beneficiaries have availed the benefit-

5. SCHEME OF INCENTIVE AWARD TO RETIRED DISABLED STUDENTS:

Incentive awards are given to the meritted disabled students who have obtained marks to the extent of 60% and above. Under this scheme a budget

provision of Rs.5.00 lakhs is provided for 1999-2000 and Rs.1.99 lakhs has been spent by January 2000. 170 beneficiaries have received incentive award till January 1999.

6. TRAINING OF RESOURCE TEACHERS OFOR INTEGRATED EDUCATION:

Under this scheme about 70 teachers will be trained through DGERT/DIET/NGUs in integrated education. The budget provision for 1999-2000 is Rs.3.00 lakhs.

7. EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING:

- 1) RESERVATION IN GOVERNMENT JOBS:
 As per Govt. order No.DPAR/8/RES/95/
 Date 20-6-1995, 5% of the posts in 'C' and 'D' group in Govt. services is reserved for disabled persons.
 - 2) SELF EMPLOYMENT SCHEME FOR DISABLED ENTEREPBNERS:

This scheme aims at securing self employment to the disabled enterprenuers for their social & economic rehabilitation. The scheme is implemented through K.S.F.C.

The loadn is admissible to the disabled enterprenuers for starting any production oriented project. The loan of Rs.50,000/- is given under this scheme. The subsity of 25% of the loan amount is given subject to a maximum of Rs.6,250. During the year 1999-2000 a sum of Rs.4.00 lakhs has been released to K.S.F.C for the purpose of subsidy under the scheme. Till January 2000. 8 beneficiaries have availed the benefil of the scheme.

3) VOCATIONAL TRAINING INSTITUTIONS:

The Vocational Rehabilitation Centre of Govt. of India has continued to provide vocational training to the disabled persons. This department also gives grants to the vocational training centres at Kolar, Gulbarga, Bidar and Bangalore.

4) INDUSTRIAL TRAINING CENTRE MYSORE:

The object of this centre is to impart vocational training courses to the blind persons. The institution is run by a voluntary organisation with 100% grants from the state Govement.

The centre imparts training to 25 students in light engineering, During 1999-2000 Rs.2.99 lakhs grant is sanctioned.

5. HOSTEL FOR DISABLED EMPLOYEES AND TRAINEES:

There are two hostels at Bangalore, One for men and the other for women. The disabled trainees and employees are given admission, whose income limit is less than Rs.18,000 per annum. The sanctioned strength in the men's hostel and the women's hostel is 50 candidates each. A sum of Rs.9.83 lakhs has been provided for this purpose and Rs.4.64 lakhs has been spent till January 2000.

6. ASSISTANCE FOR SELF EMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED: 'ADHARA'

Under this scheme Rs.12,000 is sanctioned to eligible disabled beneficiaries to set up petty shops. Out of Rs.12,000, Rs.6,000 is given an working capital as loan which is returnable. This scheme is implemented through the Deputy Commissioners of the districts.

The budget for 1999-2000 is Rs.80.00 lakhs. Fill January 1998 . Rs.66.66 lakhs expenditure is incurred under this scheme and 555 disabled persons have been benefitted.

7. TRAINING CUM PRODUCTION CENTRE FOR DISABLED SHELTERED WORKSHOP: HOSA HEJJE

Under this scheme, financial assistance will be given to NGO's to set up training cum production units for disabled persons. The objective is to provide economic rehabilitation to needy disabled persons. The provisions for this scheme is Rs.15.00 lakhs during 1999-2000. The selection Committee selects eligible NGO's to Implement this scheme, which is headed by the Secretary, Department of women and Child Development has conducted a meeting and selected the NGO's. Till Jan.2000 Rs.4.18 lakshs expenditure is incurred under this scheme.

SUPPLY OF TELEPHONE BOOTHS TO DISABLED PERSONS:

Under this scheme, Telephone Booths are issued to the disabled persons to enable t them to setup gainful self employment.

The budget for the year 1999-2000 is Rs.5.00 lakhs, out of which Rs.2.25 lakhs has been spent upto January 2000.

9) JOB-TRAINING TO DISABLED YOUTH IN JOB ORIENTED TRADES:

With a view to provide gainful employment to disabled youth, this scheme provides training to disabled youth in trades like, pumpset repairing, motor winding, garment manufacturing etc., through institutions like Rural Development & Self Employmental Training Institute(RUDASETTI) etc., The budget Outlay for 1999-2000 is Rs.4.75 lakhs.

C. REHABILITATION SCHEME:

AIDS & APPLIANCES TO DISABLED PERSONS:

Under this scheme aids appliances are supplied to the disabled persons.

If the income of the family is less than Rs.11.50 per annum in rural areas and Rs.24,000 in Urban areas full assistance is admissible. During 1999-2000, disabled beneficiaries, will be benefitted under this scheme.

- D. SOCIAL SECURITY SCHEMES:
- 1. MONTHLY FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO DISABLED PERSONS:

Disabled persons whose family income is less than Rs.6,000 per annum are entitled to maintenance allowance of Rs.100 per month. The Tahasildar of the respective taluks are the sanctioning authority. During the year 1999-2000 a sum of Rs.3150 lakhs has been provided under the scheme. About 318601 disabled persons are receiving this benefit as on January 2000.

2. SOCIAL SERVICE COMPLEX:

The scheme provides protection and shelter with food and health care to the aged, inform and disabled persons who are

Bangalore. A sum of Rs.14.97 lakhs is provided for the year 1939-2000 out of which Rs.9.97 lakhs has been spent till the end of January 2000. About 60 beneficiaries are admitted in the social service complex.

OF OLD, INFIRM AND DISABLED:

Under this scheme, the old and infirm persons are given food, clothing and shelter at the old age homes, run by the Non-Governmental organisations. The Budget provision for \$999-2000 is Rs.36.63 lakhs. Upto January 2000 Rs.10.57 lakhs has been released to the Non-Governmental Organisations.

4. INSURANCE SCHENE FOR THE MENTALLY RETARDED:

The parents of the mentally retarded persons are insured with Life Insurance Corporation and the premium is paid by the Department.

After the death of the parent, the mentally retarded person will receives Rs.150 to Rs.200 for subsistance every month from L.I.C. The budget provision for the year 1999-2000 is Rs.2.00 lakhs and about 795 beneficiaries will be covered during 1999-2000.

E. PUBLIC AWARENESS PROGRAMME:

1. WORLD DAY OF DISABLED:

The World day of disabled is observed on 3rd December, all over the State. A sum of Rs.2.00 lakhs was provided during 1999-2000 for this purpose and 1.98 lakhs of expenditure has been incurred. The observance of this day creates public awareness. The world day of Disabled was observed in all the districts.

2. PUBLIC AWARENESS PROGRAMME:

An amount of Rs.4.00 lakhs is provided for this scheme during 1999-2000. Till Jan.2000 Rs.3.20 lakhs expenditure has been incurred under this scheme.

3. SETTING UP OF COUNSELLING AND PLACEMENT SERVICE CENTRE:

This Centre provides information to persons with Disabilities about the facilities and schemes available under the state and central Govt., institutions providing special education, vocational training and also information for procuring quality aids and appliances. The I.F.C.C. also provides information on prevention and early detection of disabilities. The budget outlay for this programme for 1999-2000 is Rs.5.00lakhs. The expenditure upto January 1999 is Rs.4.81 lakh.

OTHER SCHEMES

1. NATIONAL AWARDS:

The Govt. of India has instituted the National Awards for the welfare of disabled for the year 1999-2000.

The Govt. of India has instituted National Awards for

- 1. Best Employees with disabilities.
- 2. Best Employers of persons with disabilities.
- 3. Best Placement officers of persons with disabilities.
- 4. Best Individual award working for the cause of persons with disabilities.
- 5. Best institution award working for the cause of persons with disabilities.
- 6. Best technological innovation in the cause of the disabled & adaptability of innovation to provide cost-effective technology.
- 7. Outstanding & creative person with disability.

The names of the selected candidates for the above award are recommended to the Govt. of India. One Individual of Karnataka has received the award for best disabled employee (self employment) this year.

2. STATE AWARDS:

The Govt. of Karnataka has also instituted a State Award for the best work done in a year for the cause of disabled for one individual and institution every year. The Department of Welfare of Disabled, invited applications from the eligible institutions and individuals. The applications were scrutinised by the Committees headed by the Hon'ble Minister for Women & Child Development. These awards were presented on the world Day of Disabled. Rs.0.59 lakhs expenditure was incurred under this scheme.

3. PREVENTION, EARLY DETECTION AND INTERVENTION PROGRAMME:

The main objectives of this scheme is to prevent occurance of disabilities and also provide medical care at early stage, so as to reduce the degree or intensity of disability. There is a budget outlay of Rs. 2.colakhs for the year 1999-2000.

4. SCHEME FOR PROVISION OF CULTURAL ACTIVITIES AND SPORTS FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES:

Under the scheme 'Sadhane ', the disabled sports persons are given encouragement and under scheme 'Prathibe' encouragement is given to disabled persons to promote cultural activities. There is a budget of Rs.15.00 lakhs for this scheme out of which Rs. 15.00 lakhs has been spent till January 2000.

5. IDENTITY CARDS TO DISABLED PERSONS:

Under this scheme, Identity Cards are issued to the disabled persons. The budget allocation for 1999-2000 is Rs.5.00 lakhs.

6. COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION SERVICES:

It is proposed to take up C.S.R. in selected two districts ling 1999-2000 with a budget cutlay of 182.50.00 lakhs.

C.B.R. is a cost-effective, culturally most suitable strategy to provide services like education, training and economic rehabilitation to the persons with disabilities, by active involvement of the disabled persons, their families and the Community. Under this head of Account 20 posts of District Welfare Officers of the Disabled, 20 Typists and 20 'D' group employees posts are created on 13-9-96.

7. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DISABILITY ACT FOR DISABLED PERSONS:

Under the persons with Disabilities
(Equal opportunities, Protection of Rights and full participation Act, 1995) the post of Commissioner for persons with Disabilities along with supporting staff has been created. The State Co, ordination Committee and State Executive Committee has been constituted and they are functioning for the welfare of Disabled.

NEW SCHEMES:

MEDICAL RELIEF FUND FOR THE CORRECTIVE SURGERIES TREATMENT OF DISABILITY:

Under this scheme financial Assistance will be provided for the conducted surgeries if the disability either by Govt. Hospitals or Sanjay Gandhi Accident Relling Hospital Bangalore.

2. TEACHERS TRAINING CENTRES FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION:

Teachers Training Centre under special Education for various categaries of disability. Candidates who have passed T.C.H. will be given Special Training to teach the different catagories disabled children.

3. STETE HANDICAP DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION:

The State Handicap Development Corporation will help the disabled persons or
self employment. This will also work as
Channelising agency for the National
Handicap Finance and Development
Corporation.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE BUDGET PROVISION FOR THE IDAR 1999-2000(PLAN AND NON-PLAN)

(Rs in lakhs)

Sl.	Name of the Scheme & Head of Account	1999-	Budget Provision for 1999-2000		
			Non-Plan	Total	
1.	2235-02-001-0-05 Directorate for disabled.	20.19	24.75	44.94	
2	2235-02-101-0-03 Social Service Complex	-	17.07	17.07	
3.	2235-02-101-0-01 Non-Govt. Institution for Physically handi- capped Grant-in-aid	40.00	55.12	95.12	
4.	2235-02-101-0-02 Development of schools for Deaf & Blind.	0.63	20.42	21.05	
5.	2235-02-101-0-05 Scholarships to physical handicapped (Centrally aided scheme)	-	38.37	38.27	
6.	2235-02-101-0-06 Seed Money scheme for Disabled enterpress	4.00	0.01	9.01	
7.	2235-02-101-0-09 Scheme for Incentive award to meritted disabled. 70	5.00	-	5.00	

8.	2235-02-101-0-11 State Award for Work done in welfare of the disabled	2.00	-	2.00
9.	2235-02-101-0-13 Training of resource teachers for Integrated education	3.00	-	3.00
10.	2235-02-101-0-14 Observance of World Day of the Disabled	2.00	an	2.00
11.	2235-02-101-0-15 Public Awareness Programme	4.00	•	4.00
12.	2235-02-101-0-16 Insurance Scheme for M R & other needy disabled.	2.00	~	2.00
13.	2235-02-101-0-17 Govt.Schools for Physically Handicapped	6.00	115.81	121.81
14.	2235-02-101-0-18 Scholarships & Finan cial assistance to Physically Handicapped	38.00	77-02	115.02
15.	2235-02-101-0-20 Monthly financial assistance for the physically handicapped and disabled poor	en en	3000.00	3000.00
16.	2235-02-101-0-22 School for deaf children	3.00	52.40	55.40
	CHITATEN	71		

4 7

17.	2235-02-101-0-23 Hostel for working disabled	1.67	7.86	9.83
18.	2235-02-101-0-24 Braille Press	5.00	12.13	17.13
19.	2235-02-101-0-25 Incentive Scheme for development of deaf & blind schools.	3.00	a	3.00
20.	2235-02-101-0-28 Setting up of Sound Library	3.00	-	3.00
21.	2235-02-101-0-29 Prevention Early detection & Intervention	2.00	-	2.00
22.	2235-02-101-0-30 Training cum Production centre for disabled sheltered	15.00 n	-	15.00
23.	2235-02-101-0-31 Assistancr for self employment for disabled	80.00	-	80.00
24.	2235-02-101-0-32 Community based and other rehabilitation services	50.00	***	50.00
25,	2235-02-101-0-33 scheme for promotion of cultural activities and sports for persons with disabilities.	15.00	-	15.00

	000 3000	Plan 04.74	Non-Pla 3422.59	
		1 Color Tol	3472.53	3827.33
35.	4235-2-101 Welfare of Handica pped (Building)	14.50	,	14.50
34.	2235-02-104-02-01 Voluntary organisation for care of old, info and diseased (G.I.A)		1,63	36.63
33.	2235-02-101-0-42 schemes of disability (NPRPD)	1.00	na.	1.00
32.	2235-02-101-0-41 Implementation of Disability Act for the disabled	10.00	ecs.	10.00
31.	2235-02-101-0-40 Aids and Appliance to Physically Handicappe	20.00 d	-	20,00
	Job training to disabled youth.	4.75	61.0	4.75
29.	2235-02-101-0-38 Setting up of counseling & Information Centre.	5.00	-	5.00
28.	2235-02-101-0-37 Petrol Subsidy scheme	-	669	-
27.	2235-02-101-0-36 Supply of Telephone Booths to disabled	5.00	192	5.00
26.	2235-02-101-0-35 Issue of Identity can to disabled.	5.00	-	5.00

KARNATAKA STATE WOMENS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION BANGALORE.

ANNUAL REPORT-1999-2000.

Karnataka State Women's Development Corporation has been incorporated under Companies Act 1956 in 1987 with an authorised share capital of Rs.10 crores of which 51% will be held by Government of Karnataka and 49% by Government of India. The main objectives of the Corporation are:

- a. To identify women entrepreneurs
- b. To prepare a shelf of viable projects
- c. To provide technical consultancy services
- d. To facilitate the availability of credit through Banks and other Financial Institutions.
- e. To promote marketing
- To promote and strengthen women's organisation, Co.operatives.
- q. To arrange training in trades/skills

Administrative structure of the corporation:

The corporation is headed by the Chairperson. The Managing Director is the chief executive, Managing Director is assisted by the General managers and one Company Secritory cum Accounts Manager who are in the rank of Class -I (sr.scale) and one administrative officer and Assistant General Manager Class I (Jr.scale). Apart from this there is also subordinate Staff.

The corporation has two project offices at Ghataprabha (Belgaum District) and Jamkhandi (Bijapur District) for implementation of the programme launched for renabilitation of devadasis in Belgaum and Bijapur districts. These project offices are headed by project officers.

SHARE CAPITAL

A. The paid up share capital of the Corporation as on \$1.03.2000 is as

follows :

BY G.O.K	BY G.O.I	TOTAL
		(RS.IN LAKHS)
and the own with the case when the days	with agent from their own with with own date date.	
697.00	292.84	994.84

B. Other grants received from State Government during 1999-2000 are: Rs.in lakhs.

a.	Manebelaku scheme	101.32
b.	Administrative grants	50.00
C .	Training of Women entrepre-	
	nuers	20.00
d.	Devadasi Rehabilitation	
	Programme	85.00
е,	State Resource centre	
	for women	12.00
÷.	Mahila Arthika Swavalambane	
	Yojane	50.00
9.	Marketing	8.00
η,	Udyogini	55,00

The following schemes have been taken up by the Corporation curring 1999-2000.

Under the Scheme those applicants whose family income is not more than 12000/= in urban and semi-urban areas and not more than IRDP income limit in rural areas are eligible for financial assistance upto Rs. 25000/= from Banks and Financial Institutions. 25% of the assistance subject to a maximum of Rs.5,000/- is given as subsidy. The assistance as meant for taking up of self employment activities like tailoring, animal husbandary, rope making, small business etc. For the year 1999-2000 Rs.91.60 lakhs has been spent and 2117 beneficiaries have been covered under this Scheme.

2. Miscellaneous Training Programmes for Women:

To promote Skill Development of women belonging to lower income groups and to assist them to take up income generating activities for supplementing family income or to improve their economic status the Corporation has taken up training programmes in tailoring.

embroidery, doll making, leather, radio & TV repairs, photography, agarabathi etc. The training varies from 1 to 9 months depending upon the activity. The trainees are given a stipend of Rs. 100 per month during training and are supplied with Toolkit at the end of the training for which a maximum of Rs. 1000/- is given as subsidy. For the year 1999-2000 Rs. 50.47 lakhs has been spent and 1297 beneficiaries are covered.

3. Enterprenuership Awareness and Development Programmes':

To motivate and encourage women to take up Income Generating Activities and Self Employment programmes. Entrepreneurship Awareness Programmes and Entrepreneurship Development programmes are organised through W.D.C

Under Awareness programmes which normally are organised for one day, women are exposed to schemes of different departments applicable to them and they are also encouraged to become self-confident and self dependent. The

subjects covered in this programme also include legal literacy, health and general awareness.

Entrepreneurship Development programme is meant for those women who are specifically interested in setting up of small units and manage these on their own. The subjects covered include achievement motivation training, preparation of project proposal, simple accounting, raw materials management, marketing etc., EDP is normally organised from 7 to 10 days. For the year 1999-2000 Rs. 9.62 lakhs has been spent and 13660 beneficiaries are covered under these programmes.

4. Composite loan Scheme:

Composite loan scheme is implemented in collaboration with Karnataka State Finance Corporation since the year 1994-95. Individual poor women (with in Annual income of Rs. 25000 or less than that) can avail loan up to Rs. 50.000/- for starting enterprises like Garments. Papad making, pickles, knitting, grinding etc and also for service activities like telephone booth, typing,

xerox, beauty parlour etc. This loan is not available for business activities. The rate of interest under this scheme is an average of 11.5%, repayable in 50 instalments. For the year 1999-2000 Rs.1.95 lakhs has been spent and 8 beneficiaries are covered.

5. Workshop, seminars. Sales-cum-exhibitions

The main objectives of workshops & seminars is to create awareness about various Government Schemes, facilatete exchange of ideas among women and to discuss the various problems faced by women in different fields & to arrive at solutions to these problems.

Women Development Corporation directly organises exhibition cum sales of products made by women enterpreneurs, organisations and institutions from time to time. Such exhibitions are helpful in bringing together enterpreneurs and public all over the State.

For the year 1999-2000 Rs.5.81 lakhs

has been spent and 350 beneficiaries are covered.

5. Computer Training for Women

In the background of inculcating essential knowledge in computers, educated unemployed women are provided training in computer fundamentals through reputed private Institutions free of cost. 3 months & 6 months courses are arranged during this year. The course fees is met by the Women's Development Corporation. For the year 1999-2000 Rs.20.16 lakhs has been spent and 826 beneficiaries are covered.

7. State Resource Centre for Women

To carry out evaluation of women s Development Corporation schemes, to promote research on gender issues, to establish a library and to provide counselling centre for women, a Resource Centre for Women has been established at Women s Development Corporation, Bangalore and Counselling Centre at SAMPARK, Koramangala, Bangalore.

For the year 1999-2000 Rs. 5.82 lakhs has been spent and 961 heneficiaries are covered.

8. Devadasi Rehabilitation programme

The programme of all round development of devadasis in the districts of Belgaum and Bijapur has been entrusted to K.S.W.D.C. Under this programme devadasis and their families are assisted with skill for income generation, education, health care and also assets are provided for income generation. The following schemes have been taken up in these two districts.

(a) Self help groups:

The most important feature of the devadasi rehabilitation programme is its orientation viz., to create awareness among the devadasi women. The self help group concept has been adopted. Devadasis women are identified and formed into groups in their own village, who meet

once in a week or fortnight to discuss their various problems. It is a socially functional homogeneous group of women with similar concerns, needs and interests. Membership is voluntary with non political motivation, making for participatory nature of discussions, decision making and action programmes. Members of these groups also make savings at each meeting and keep that amount in a bank account. The group members avail loans out of these savings.

(b) Social programmes :

Since the devadasi system is an age old practice and can not be eradicated only by providing economic programmes, regular awareness campaigns, organising groups and group meetings, street plays, thematic songs, display of posters, TV shows, exposure trips, non formal education, incentive allowance for school going children of devadasi women, compulsory enrolment of their wards at schools and health programmes are being implemented. As a result, remarkable awareness has been created on the evils of this system among the devadasi women

and the public in general. Also they have been motivated regarding their health and their children's education.

(c) Income generating activities

Devadasi women have been encouraged to take up income generating activities like poultry farming, dairy farming, petty business etc. The Corporation gives 60% subsidy for this activity on loans secured from banks. For the year 1999-2000 Rs.77.82 lakhs has been spent and 1086 beneficiaries covered.

9. Mahileyara Arthika Swavlambane Yojane (MASY)

The Karnataka State Women's Development Corporation has been sanctioned MASY scheme to take up economic development project for 12000 women in four Districts of North karnataka in 1999-2000. This will be achieved through the self help group approach in which women form self help groups and are encouraged to take up thrift and credit activities.

The programme includes training the women in various market oriented skills and thereafter linking up with financial institutions for funding of income generating programmes. For the year 1999-2000 Rs.9.28 lakhs has been spent for 400 old groups.

10. MARKETING ASSISTANCE

Women's Development Corporation is facilitating income generation programme among women by organising skill training programme and also loans through Banks and financial institutions. As a result over the past few years several women have taken to production activities in wide range of products. It has been often felt that a proper and regular market network has to be provided to the women enterpreneurs to enable them to be self sustained in the income generation activities they have taken up.

wDC has been sanctioned a marketing scheme to organise exhibitions in important centres of the State on a regular basis to bring women entrepreneurs and

potential customers together. NGOs are assisted for organising exhibitions and sales. These exhibitions will not only result in sales but will also develop networks. During the 9th plan it is proposed to give special attention to develop markets for women entrepreneurs. For the year 1999-2000 Rs.7.02 lakhs has been spent and 507 beneficiaries are covered.

11. UDYOGINI

This is an innovative scheme for assisting women to take up business activities offering very favourable terms of lending and substantial subsidered. In the absense of any scheme to fund business/trading activity, women are forced to borrow from unorganised sector at very high interest.

This scheme proposes to fund Business Activities upto a unit cost of Rs. 50000/- with a subsidy being provided from WDC and loan from Banks. The age limit for the beneficiary is 18-50 years and the income limit of family to avail this benefit is Rs. 25000 p.a. No income limit is prescribed for special

category which consists of Sc/STs.Widows and Disabled women. For the year 1999-2000 Rs. 52.88 lakhs has been spent and 436 beneficiaries are covered.

12. DAIRY UNIT FOR WOMEN

This new scheme is being launched along with the Karnataka Milk Federation and the District Milk Producers Unions. Under this scheme Karnataka State Women's Development Corporation would extend loan upto 80% of the unit cost and the remaining 20% has to be borne by the beneficiary. At present the unit cost is fixed at Rs.24000 as per Nabard norms. One unit would include to Milch animals. Interest payable on the loan extended by the Karnataka State Women's Development Corporation would be 7.5% and the repayment scheduled would be 36 equal instalments. The beneficiary would be poor women between age of 18-50 years , whose family income per annum should not exceed Rs. 25000/-. For the year 1999-2000 Rs. 20.00 lakhs been spent and 100 beneficiaries covered.

CENTRAL GOVT. SCHEMES

1. Rural Womens Development and Empowerment Project:

Karnataka State Women's Development Corporation has formulated "Rural Women's Economic Development and Empowerment Project" for 4 Backward Districts of Chitradurga, Tumkur, Bellary and Kolar. This project is to be funded by IFAD/World Bank and Government of Karnataka with the sharing pattern as follows:-

The project is to be implemented for a period of 5 years over three phases. The proposed project will benefit appoximately 24,000/= Rural poor Women through formation of Self Help Groups, skill trainings and taking up of income generating programmes. Estimated cost of the project is Rs. 31 crores. This cost is to be met from assistance given by the International fund for Agricultural Development and the World Bank jointly and Contribution by the Government of India (including contribution by Institutional finance). Land

Development, on-farm activities, offfarm activities, and Non-farm activities are proposed to be taken up.

2. Norad

The Department of Women and Child Development in the Ministry of Human Resouce Development Govt. of India is operating the scheme of setting up of Employment -cum-Income Generating/Training-cum -Production (Women's Economic Programme) known as NORAD Scheme. This is being implemented through Women Development Corporation. And the WDC is receiving projects proposals of NGO through District Officers / Assistant Directors of W& C.D and will be forwarded to Govt. of India for considering the project.

It is for setting up of such projects on sustained basis for poor needy women as a major target groups both in urban and rural areas. And emphasis of the projects must be on Income Generating Activity with the aim of achieveing self reliance on a sustained basis for a long term.

3.STEP

The Government of India Department of Women & Child Develment is implementing a scheme entitled "SUPPORT TO TRAIN-ING AND EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMME FOR WOMEN" (STEP). It is to assist women who are poor in traditional sectors like Agriculture, small animal husbandary, dairying, fisheries, social forestry, handlooms, handicrafts etc., The target groups covered in this scheme include women who are wage labourers, unpaid daily workers etc., special focus on SC/ST and women with below poverty line.

The schemes aims at providing an integrated packages of services to enable women to become economically self reliance and to raise their status through upgraduction of their skill, backward and forward linkages of credit, raw-material, market, coverage of health education, check up, legal literacy, nutrician education.

Pattern of assistants:

Under the scheme upto 90% of the project cost can be provided by the Government of India and the remaining 10% will have to be borne by the implementing agency on its own.

The Karnataka State Women Development Corporation are receiving proposals from District Officers / Asst. Directors of W&CD. and the same is forwarding to Govt. of India for considering the proposal after the proposal is approved by the State Level Committee.

The Physical and Financial Progress under various programmes is given vide Annexure-I.

ANNEXURE I

SCHEMES	1.4.1999	TD 31.03	.2000
,		of benefici	
1. Manebelaku		2117	91.63
2. Devadasi rehabilitation	orogramme	1086	100.97
3. Misc. Training Programme		1287	50.47
4. Exhibition Workshop Semi	niars etc.,	350	5.91
5. Entrepreneurship Awarene & Development Programme	55	13660	9.92
6. Composite Loan Scheme		5	1.95
7. Computer Training progra	mme	825	20.16
8. State Resource Centre		961	5.82
9 Mahileyara Arthika Swaval			9.28
10. Marketing		old groups* 507	7.02
11. Udyngini		436	52.88
TOTAL	the contract of the contract o	21236	355.81

BANGALORE ANNUAL REPORT FOR 1999-2000

Government of Karnataka vide Notification No.LAW/55/LGN/94 dated 16/1/1996 has constitued the Karnataka State Commission for Women. The Commission has started functioning from 6-8-96.

MAIN OBJECTS:

The following are the main objects of the Commission.

- 1. To investigate and examine all matters relating to the safeguards provided for women under the constitution and other laws.
- 2. To present to the Government annually and at such other times as the commission may deem fit reports upon the working of those sefeguards.
- 3. To make in such reports, recommentation of for the effective implementation of those safeguards for improving the conditions of women by the state.
- 4. To review from time to time the existing provisions of the constitution and other laws affecting the women and recommend ammendments there to so as to suggest

remedial legislative measures to meet any lacuna or inadequacies or short comings in such legislation.

- 5. To take up cases of violation of the provision of the constitution and other laws relating to women with appropriate authorities.
- 6. To look in to complaints and take suo-moto notice of matter relating to:
 - a) Deprivation of Women's right.
 - b) Non implementation of laws enacted to provide protection to women and also achieve the objective of equality and development.
 - c) atrocities committed on women, dowry etc.
 - d) for over all socio-economic development of women.

The Government of Karnataka has appointed Chairperson, 6 Members and 3 Ex-Officio members to the commission. The Secretary of the Commission, is a member Secretary, previous. Commission comprising a Chairperson and 6 Members has been dissolved on 28-10-99. New Commission is yet to be constituted by the Government of Karnataka.

BUDGET:

The Government of Karnataka has sancttioned a sum of Rs.40.00 lakhs as grant for the year 1999-2000. Performance budget enclosed with this report.

The Karnataka State Commission for women has received 125 petitions of various nature during 1999-2000. In these about 30 petitions are to be decided by various courts and other petitions are in investigation stage, in concerned departments. Some petitions have been settled by conducting counselling sessions in the Commission.

New Delhi, has sanctioned a Family Counselling Cell to the Office of the Karnataka State Commission for Women. Rs. 44,000-00 grant has also been released till now by the above Board. The staff for the said Family Counselling cell has been recruitted. The Commission is trying to settle the petitions with the help of the Family Counselling Cell.

On 22-2-2000, Karnataka State

Commission for Women organized a "Legal

Awareness Camp" to Women Corporators, of

Bangalore City Corporation. The Member

Secretary of the Women Commission, Welcomed the Chief guest and the gathering. Smt.

Meera Saxena, Secretary, Department of Women and child Development inaugurated of Women and Legal Awareness Camp and presided over the function. Smt. Sujatha, lady advocate, was the guest speaker, she enlightned the audience about the women laws.

The Karnataka State Commission for Women organised " Mahila Adalath " at Tumkur on 25-2-2000 Smt. Meera Sazena Secretary, Department of Women and Child Development, Sri. Shivanna Hon'ble M.L.A of Tumkur Constituency & Member of the Women & Child Welfare Committee. Sri.Gopalkrishna Gowda, Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur Dist. Assistant Director Women & Child lady Advocates, representatives from NGO'S participated in the Mahila Adalath. About 8 petitions were received on the said day. The Member of the Adalath tried to solve the problems of the petitioners by hearing the case and giving suggestions and instructions to officers concerned regarding the action to be taken. It was also decided to send recomendation to the Government to start women police stattion and Family Court at Tumkur.

The Commission also organised "Mahila Adalath " at Mandya on 14-3-2000. It was organised in the Daputy Commissioner's Office Court premises. Smt.Parvathamma Srikantaiah, Hon'ble M.L.A Srirangapatna Constituency & Member of the Women & Child Welfare Committee. Sri.Charana Reddy, Superintendent of police, Mandya Dist. Assistant Director Department of Women & Child Development Department Mandya Dist. Zilla Panchayath lady Member, representatives from NGC'S participated in the Adalath. About 254 distresed Women Submitted their petitions to the Mahila Adalath. All the petitions were verified and necessary action has been taken.

KARNATAKA STATE COMMISSION FOR WOMEN

PERFORMANCE BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1999-2000 FOR Rs. 40.00 LAKHS

1.	C.P.'S and staff salary & other	
	allowances	4.00
2.	C.P.'S & staff T.A	4.00
3.	C.P.'S House rent	2.50
4.	Secretary & staff salary & other allowances	2 00
5	Sitting fees for Members	7.99
	EVUNSA SERES IN THE SERVED A VANDER OF	0.50
	T.A & other allowances to Members	1.00
7.	T.A & other allowances for Secretary & staff	0.50
8.	Centinjency expenditure	0.25
9.	Publicity	1.00
±0.	Legal Aid	0.50
11.	Postal charges	0.15
12.	Honorarium to dignitories	0.50
13.	papers and magazines	0.14
14.	Library & purchase of books	0.05
15.	Meeting and seminors	2.50
16.	Workshops, seminors & concerts	2.00
17.	Awareness programme	2.00
18.	Repairs & spareparts to Vehicles	1.00
19.	Fuel charges	0.50
20.	Printing & stationery	0.50
21.	Maintanance of Office quipments	
	& rent of furniture	0.50
22.	Telephones	2.50
23.	Office rent	3.60
24.	Water charges	0.50
	Pension & Leave Salary Contribution	2.31
	RS -	40.00

90

